

INSURANCE, BANKING & NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENT

(The entire syllabus is divided into five units. Ten questions shall be set in all with two questions from each unit. The candidate shall be required to answer five questions in all selecting one from each unit.)

Objective: Insurance is a form of risk management used to hedge against the risk of a contingent loss. The operational framework of insurance idea is provided by the general principles of contract. The insurance policy, being a contract, is subject to all the judicial interpretative techniques of rules of interpretation as propounded by the judiciary. Besides, the insurance idea has a compensatory justice component. This course is designed to acquaint the students with the conceptual and operational parameters of insurance law.

UNIT-I

INSURANCE-I

- Nature and Principles of Insurance: Definition-Kinds-Statutory Governance
- **Contract of Insurance:** Nature-Essential Features-Types
- Fundamental Principles of Insurance Contract

UNIT-II

INSURANCE-II

- Insurable Interest
- Premium
- Risk

UNIT-III

NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENTS

Concept, Meaning and Kinds of Negotiable Instruments.

- Some General Terms Used for All Types of Negotiable Instruments: inland and Foreign Instruments, Time and Demand Instruments, Ambiguous Instruments, Inchoate Instruments, Escrow Instruments, Maturity of Instruments, Payment in Due Course, and Payment of Interest.
- Liabilities of Parties to Negotiable Instruments.

UNIT-IV

NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENTS

- Presentation of Negotiable Instruments
- Negotiation of Negotiable Instruments
- Dishonour and Discharge of Negotiable Instruments

UNIT-V

BANKING

- Banking: Meaning and History, Concept of Banking Companies.
- Concept of Customer, Banks and Customers Relations. Customers Account and Banks. Banks Funding -Loans and Advances as means of.
- Banking Ombudsman.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Herbert P. Sheldon: *Practice and Law of Banking*, Macdonald & Evans Ltd., United Kingdom.
- 2. Lord Chorley and P. E. Smart: *Leading Case in the Law of Banking*, Bharat Law House, New Delhi.
- 3. L. C. Goyle: Law of Banking and Bankers, Eastern Law House, New Delhi.
- 4. M. L. Tannan (revised by C. R. Datta & S. K. Kataria): *Banking Law and Practice*, LexisNexis India, Gurgaon.

- 5. A. B. Srivastava and K. Elumalai: *Seth's Banking Law*, Law Publisher's India (P) Limited, Allahabad.
- 6. R. K. Gupta: Banking: Law and Practice, Modern Law Publications, Allahabad.
- 7. Prof. Clifford Gomez: *Banking and Finance-Theory, Law and Practice*, PHI Learning Private Limited, New Delhi.
- 8. J. M. Holden: *The Law and Practice of Banking*, Universal Law Publishing, Allahabad.
- 9. K. S. N. Murthy and K. V. S. Sarma: *Modern Law of Insurance in India*, LexisNexis India, Gurgaon.
- 10. Sachin Rastogi: Insurance Law and Principles, LexisNexis, India Gurgaon.

CONFLICT OF LAWS

(The entire syllabus is divided into five units. Ten questions shall be set in all with two questions from each unit. The candidate shall be required to answer five questions in all selecting one from each unit.)

OBJECTIVE: This branch of law comes into picture whenever a court or tribunal is faced with a conflict between two laws and the court has to decide which law it should apply. The aim of the paper is to create an understanding of the rules of conflict of laws under various legal systems pertaining to jurisdiction, marriage, divorce, and adoption. The paper also covers torts and contract laws. Further, the paper discusses recognition and enforcement of foreign judgments.

UNIT-I

INTRODUCTION

- Introduction to Conflict of Laws, envoi, Characterisation
- Domicile: Meaning & General Rules-Kinds of Domicile: Domicile of Origin-Domicile of Choice-Domicile of Dependents-Domicile & Nationality
- Marriage: Nature-Concept-Governing Law-Choice between Law of the Place of Celebration and Law of Domicile-Validity of Marriage Classification of Rules of Marriage into Formal and Essential Conditions
- Theories: Dual Domicile Theory-Intended Matrimonial Home Theory-Alternate Approaches-Polygamous Marriages

UNIT-II

CONFLICT OF LAWS IN RELATION TO MATRIMONIAL REMEDIES

- Nullity of Marriage
- Restitution of Conjugal Rights
- Judicial Separation
- Dissolution of Marriage-Recognition of Foreign Divorce

UNIT III

CONFLICT OF LAWS IN RELATION TO CONVERSION, LEGITIMACY & LEGITIMATION

- Conflict of Laws in relation to Conversion
- Effect of Conversion on Matrimonial Rights
- Effect of Conversion on Dissolution of Marriage
- Legitimacy & Legitimation

UNIT-IV

CONFLICT OF LAWS IN RELATION TO ADOPTION & GUARDIANSHIP

- Conflict of Laws in Relation to Adoption: Jurisdiction-Recognition of Foreign Adoptions
- Inter-Country Adoption
- Conflict of Laws in Relation to Guardianship and Custody of Minors
- Recognition and Enforcement of Foreign Judgments-Child Custody and Guardianship Orders-Child Abduction

UNIT-V

CONFLICT OF LAWS IN RELATION TO CONTRACT AND TORTS

- Concept and Application of Contract in Private International Law
- Validity of Contract-Material Validity-Formal Validity
- Capacity to Contract-Discharge of Contract
- Foreign Torts-Traditional Theories-Torts in Private International Law

Suggested Readings

- 1. Atul M Setalvad: Setalvad's Conflict of Laws, LexisNexis, New Delhi.
- 2. Chris Clarkson & Jonathan Hill, *Conflict of Laws*, Oxford University Press Canada.
- 3. David Pearl: Inter-Personal Conflict of Law- India, Pakistan and Bangladesh, N.M. Tripathi, Bombay.

- 4. Flavia Agnes, Family Law and Constitutional Claims, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- 5. Geoffrey Chevalier Cheshire: Private International Law, Clarendon Press, Oxford.
- 6. J. H. C. Morris: Conflict of Laws, Sweet & Maxwell, London.
- 7. John P. Tiernan: *Conflict of Laws*, Callaghan & Co, Chicago.
- 8. Kumud Desai, Indian Law of Marriage and Divorce, LexisNexis, Gurgaon.
- 9. Laura E. Little: Conflict of Laws, Wolters Kluwer Law & Business, New York
- 10. Paras Diwan: *Indian and English Private International Law*, Deep & Deep, New Delhi.
- 11. Robert A. Leflar: *The Law of Conflict of Law*, The Bobbs-Merrill Company, Inc., Indianapolis.
- 12. Dean Symeon C. Symeonides: Choice of Law, Oxford University Press, USA.
- 13. Maebh Harding: Conflict of Law, Routledge, UK.

Case Laws

- 1. Anokha v. State of Rajasthan, AIR 2004 SC 2829.
- 2. Apt v Apt, [1948] P. 83.
- 3. Arathi Bandi v. Bandi Jagdrakshara Rao, AIR 2014 SC 918.
- 4. Armitrage v Att-Gen, [1906] p. 135.
- 5. *Bell v Kennedy*, (1868) LR 1 Sc & Div 307.
- 6. *Berkovits v Grinberg*, [1995] fam. 142.
- 7. *Berthiaume v Dastous*, [1930] AC 79.
- 8. *Boys v Chaplin*, [1971] AC 356
- 9. Central Bank of India v. Ram Narain, AIR 1955 SC 36
- 10. Chaudhary v Chaudhary, [1985] Fam. 19.
- 11. D & D, [2008] EWHC 403 (Fam).
- 12. D P Joshi v. State of Madhya Bharat, AIR 1955 SC 334.
- 13. Hussain v Hussain, [1983] Fam. 26.

- 14. Hyde v Hyde (1866) LR 1 P & M 130.
- 15. Indyka v. Indyka, (1967) 2 All. E.R. 689.
- 16. Kyle Spencer Allen v. Soban Singh, 2014(3) UC 2335.
- 17. Lakshmi Kant Pandey v. Union of India, AIR 1984 SC 469.
- 18. Le Mesurier v Le Mesurier, [1895] AC 517.
- 19. Louis De Raedt v. Union of India, AIR 1991 (3) SC 1886.
- 20. May v May, [1943] 2 All ER 146.
- 21. McCabe v McCabe, [1994] 1 FLR 410.
- 22. McKee v. McKee, [1950] SCR 700.
- 23. MN (Non-Recognised Adoptions: Unlawful Discrimination?) India, UKAIT 00015.
- 24. Mrs. M v. Mr. A, AIR 1993 Bom. 110.
- 25. Narsimha Rao Y. v. Venkata Lakshmi Y, (1991) 3 SCC 451.
- 26. Neha Saini v State of Uttrakhand, AIR 2010 Utt 36.
- 27. Ogden v. Ogden, (1947) All E.R. 86.
- 28. Perumal v. Ponnuswami, AIR 1971 SC 2352.
- 29. Philips v Eyre, (1870) LR 6 QB.
- 30. Pradeep Jain v Union of India, AIR 1984 SC 1420.
- 31. Prem Singh v. Dulari Bai, AIR 1973 Cal. 425.
- 32. Pugh v Pugh, [1951] P 482.
- 33. Quazi v Quazi, [1980] AC 744.
- 34. Ramsay v Liverpool Royal Infirmary, [1930] AC 588.
- 35. Ravichandran v. Union of India, AIR 2010 SC (Supp) 257.
- 36. Re. Evans, [1947] Ch. 695
- 37. Re. Jones' Estate, 192 Iowa 78.
- 38. Reynold Rajamani v Union of India, AIR 1982 SC 1261.
- 39. Robasa Khanum v. Khudabad Bomanji Irani, AIR 1947 Bom. 272.
- 40. Ruchi Majoo v. Sanjeev Majoo, AIR 2011 SC 1952.

- 41. Sandip Shankerlal Kedia v. Pooja Kedia, 2013 (4) Mh Lj 673.
- 42. Sanjay Mishra v. Eveline Jobe, AIR 1993 H.P. 7.
- 43. Satya v. Teja Singh, AIR 1975 SC 105.
- 44. Shabnam Hashmi v. Union of India, AIR 2014 SC 1281.
- 45. Shaw v Gould, (1868) L.R 3 HL 55.
- 46. Singh v Entry Clearance Officer New Delhi, [2004] Ewca Civ 1075.
- 47. Sinha Peerage Claim, (1946) 1 All E.R. 248.
- 48. SK ("Adoption" not recognised in UK) India, [2006] UKAIT 0068.
- 49. Smt. Surinder Kaur Sandhu v. Harbax Singh Sindhu, AIR 1984 SC1224.
- 50. Sondur Gopal v Sondur Rajini, (2013) 7 SCC 426.
- 51. *Sottomayor v De Barros*, (No. 1) (1877) 3 PD 1.
- 52. Starkowski v Att-Gen, [1954] AC 155.
- 53. Sulaiman v Juffali, [2002] 1 FLR 479.
- 54. Taczanowka v Taczanowki, [1957] P. 301.
- 55. *Udny v Udny*, (1869) LR 1 Sc & Div 441.
- 56. Vinisha Jitesh Tolani v Jitesh Kishore Tolani, AIR 2010 SC1915.
- 57. Winans v Att-Gen, [1904] AC 287.
- 58. Y. Narasimha Rao v. Y. Venkatalakshmi, (1991) 3 SCC 451.

LAW AND DISASTER MANAGEMENT

(The entire syllabus is divided into five units. Ten questions shall be set in all with two questions from each unit. The candidate shall be required to answer five questions in all selecting one from each unit.)

Objective: The course is designed to appraise the students about various types of disaster, their characteristics, causes and impacts. Historical data of past events have been studied to gain insight into the processes involved in the genesis and development of disaster events. This course is responding to such events and draws a long-term plan to minimize the impact of various disasters. This course also intends to give the students more exposure to the significance of law in disaster management particularly in risk reduction. This paper identifies and elucidates the role of the Union government, the State governments, local administration and local bodies in disaster management. The goal of the course is to help the students to understand important statutory provisions of various legislations, which may be relevant to disaster management more particularly disaster risk reduction.

UNIT-I

INTRODUCTION

- Disaster: Concepts, Definitions, Causes and Impacts
- **Disasters Cycle:** Analysis-Phases-Culture of Safety-Prevention-Mitigation and Preparedness

UNIT-II

AGENCIES IN DISASTER MANAGEMENT

 United Nations and its Specialized Agencies: UNDP-FAO-WHO-AEC (Atomic Energy Commission)-United Nations Disaster Management Cell-International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies (IFRC) and National Red Cross / Red Crescent Societies.

UNIT-III

PREVENTIVE LAWS IN DISASTER MANAGEMENT IN INDIA

- The Constitution of India: Role of the Union and the States in Disaster Management-Article 246 of the Constitution-Distribution of Legislative and Administrative Powers Between the Union and the States with Special Reference to Following Entries of Seventh Schedule: Union List-Entry No .6, 7, 15, 22, 53, 54, 55, State List Entry No 1, 2, 5, 6, 25; Concurrent List-Entry No 18, 19, 29, 36-Hazardous Waste (Management and Handling), Rules 1989-The Concept of Absolute Liability under Tort Law-Environment Protection Act, 1986-National Environment Appellate Authority Act, 1997-The Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991
- Important Statutes with Provisions Relevant to Disaster Management: Role of Legislations in Disaster Management-Scope of Disaster Management Law with Reference to Disaster Management Act, 2005-Disaster Management Laws in Bihar and Gujarat, Essential Services Maintenance Act, 1968-Environment Protection Act, 1986-Including hazardous Substances Rules-Explosives Act, 1872-Explosive Substances Act, 1908-Mines and Minerals (Regulation and Development) Act, 1957-Insecticides Act, 1968-Atomic Energy Act, 1962-Factories Act 1948-WMD Act, 2005-Environmental Impact Assessment-Town and Country Planning Acts-Planning Commission in Disaster Management-Part IX A:Local Bodies (Municipalities and Panchayati Raj Institutions),-Panchayats-Article 243 G Read with Eleventh Schedule of the Constitution-Municipalities-Article 243 W Read with 12th Schedule of The Constitution-Model Town and Country Manning Act, 1960

UNIT-IV

DISASTER MANAGEMENT ACT, 2005 - I

Institutional Set-Up: National Disaster Management Authority-State Disaster Management Authority-District Disaster Management Authority-Local Authorities.

UNIT-V

DISASTER MANAGEMENT ACT, 2005-II

Relevant Provisions of Disaster Management Act, 2005: Measure by the Government for Disaster Management-National Institute of Disaster Management-National Disaster Response Force-National Mitigation Fund-National Fund for Disaster Management-Offences and Penalties-Payment of Compensation

Suggested Readings

- 1. Prabhas Chandra Sinha: *Disaster Management Process: Law, Process and Strategy,* SBS Publishers, New Delhi.
- 2. Prabhas Chandra Sinha: *Guidelines for Human Environment and Sustainable Development*, SBS Publishers, New Delhi.
- 3. Ramakant Gaur: Disaster Management, Authors Press, Delhi.
- 4. S.L. Goel: *Disaster Administration: Theory and Practice,* Deep and Deep Publications, New Delhi.
- 5. Vinod K. Sharma: Disaster Management, IIPA, New Delhi.
- 6. Vishnu Konoorayar & V.S. Jaya (eds.): *Disaster Management Law*, Indian Law Institute (ILI), New Delhi.

SEMINAR COURSE-II

(The objective of seminar course is to enable students to require specialization in areas of their interest and also to have knowledge about other legal disciplines by way of research and self-study. The areas identified for research are given below)

- Anti-Dumping Law
- Arbitration Law
- Aviation Law
- Biotechnology & Law
- Criminology and Forensic Sciences
- Disabled and the Law
- Emigration Law
- Energy Law
- Feminist Jurisprudence
- Law and RTI
- Law & Agriculture
- Law & Education
- Law & Media
- Limited Liability Partnership
- Nuclear Law
- Service Law
- Sport Law
- Telecommunication Law
- Trade Secrets Law
- Transportation Law

- SEZ Law
- Law of Equity

A group of five to seven students can be assigned one theme and asked to prepare separate papers on different aspects/ problems/ issues pertaining to the theme. Students may be encouraged to conduct field studies wherever relevant. The seminars can be organized thematically with five to seven paper presentations followed by discussion. Each student will be evaluated on the basis of his/her individual performance which will include:

- (a) Systematic Record Field Investigations, Methodology, any Literature Survey, Bibliography etc.
- (b) The Written Paper- Its Contents, Coverage, Consistency, Style and Expression.
- (c) Paper Presentation-Communication, Style, Expression and Ability to Answer the Questions and Defense.

CLINICAL COURSE-IV

(MOOT COURT EXERCISE AND INTERNSHIP)

Objective: The objective of the course is to impart the practical skills of research, case analyses and strategy, witness handling, and presentation of arguments at the trial and appellate stages of a case. This course enables the student to apply all laws of the course in the practical. The first part of moot courts will enable him to learn identifying facts, applying the law, deriving issues, oral presentation skills, organising argument, and presenting it with persuasion. The second part will give him the experience of visiting court proceedings, and watch advocates conduct matters.

This paper may have three components of 30 marks each and a viva for 10 marks.

- Moot Court (30 Marks)
 Every student may be required to do at least three moot courts in a year. The
 moot court work will be on assigned problem for written submissions and
 oral advocacy.
- Observance of Trial in two cases, one Civil and one Criminal (30 marks):
 Students may be required to attend two trials in the course of the last two or three years of LL.B. studies. They will maintain a record and enter the various steps observed during their attendance on different days in the court assignment.
- Interviewing techniques and Pre-trial preparations and Internship diary
 Each student will observe two interviewing sessions of clients at the Lawyer's
 Office/Legal Aid Office and record the proceedings in a diary. Each student
 will further observe the preparation of documents and court papers by the
 Advocate and the procedure for the filing of the suit/petition. This will be
 recorded in the diary.
- The fourth component of this paper will be Viva Voce examination on all the above three aspects..

CLINICAL COURSE-IV JUDGING AND COURT MANAGEMENT

(The objective of the course is to produce an ideal judicial work force, which shall be equipped with thorough knowledge in subjects relevant to the judicial services as well as acquire skills in administration management of the judiciary)

PART-A: Written Reports/Assignment is devoted to the following areas:

- Concept, Need of Law and Courts Management in India
- Administration of Justice viz- a- viz Legislature & Executive
- Management of Courts and Interface of Technology and Law
- Strategic Management and Implementation of Legal Education
- National Court Management System -Introduction the Scheme and Statistics
- Courts-Infrastructure & Personnel
- Management of Courts and Cases
- Case Management: Definition-Advantages-Role of Judges & Advocates
- Administrative Supervision of Supreme Courts and High Court with regard to Trail Courts
- Case Management in the Federal Courts of the USA, United Kingdom and India.
- Supreme Court Rules 2013: Practice and Procedure in Supreme Court
- Curative Petition-Extraordinary Jurisdiction of Supreme Court
- Transfer Petition before Supreme Court
- Law Commission of India & Its Recommendations-Challenges and Remedies
- Courts and Judge-Population Ratio
- E-Courts: Digital Evidence-Relevance and Admissibility

- E-Investigation & Adjudication Issues
- Courts and Public Domain Resources in Legal Research
- Digital Contents and Courts and its Contempt by Lawyers, Judges,
 Magistrates or Other Persons acting Judicially
- Contempt Liability of State, Corporate Bodies and their Officers
- Dispute Resolution Mechanism at Grass-Root Level such as Lok Adalat,
 Gram Nyayalaya, Nyaya Panchayat and Legal Aid.

PART-B: Paper presentations are devoted to one area out of the above enumerated ones. A group of three to seven students can be assigned one area. The presentation shall be made thematically followed by discussion. Each student will be evaluated on the basis of his/her individual performance. This will include:

- Methodology and Literature Surveyed Bibliography etc.
- Coverage, consistency style and Expression
- Communication Style and Expression and Ability to Answer the Question and Defence.

PART-C: Mid-Term Test of 25 Marks from the topics given in Part A.

Reference:

- 1. Kailash Rai: *Moot Court: Pre-Trial Preparation and Participation in Trial Proceedings,* Central Law Publication, Allahabad.
- 2. John T. Gaubatz & Taylor Mattis: The Moot Court Book: A Student Guide to Appellate Advocacy (Contemporary Legal Education Series), Michie Co., Charlottesville.